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عنوان مقاله / کتاب	Analysis of the distributive effects of the elimination of energy subsidy in Iran
چکیده	<p>At present, our country has major problems in production structures, energy consumption management and fair distribution of subsidies. Production in Iran is based on cheap (almost free) energy, and therefore energy efficiency is very low. The country's reliance on non-renewable energy from oil and gas will also put us at risk of a stalemate in the not-too-distant future. Distributive impact on households is an important factor for energy acceptance This article is an input-output price model for analyzing the distributive effects of the elimination of energy subsidies in Iran and shows the elimination of energy subsidies on income distribution in different conditions. The results show that:</p> <p>1.The distribution effects of subsidy removal using energy carriers are different.</p> <p>2.If subsidies are eliminated, the greatest pressure on transportation will be on the upper decile families and its indirect effects will be on the lower deciles. Price control can reduce the negative impact of energy subsidy reforms.</p> <p>3.If subsidies are eliminated, the greatest pressure on households in the lower decile will be on water, electricity and gas.</p> <p>Keywords: Energy Subsidies, Input-Output Price Model, Distributive Impact</p>
منابع	<p>Analysis of the distributive effects of the elimination of energy subsidy in Iran Babak dehghanpour (Phd) & Mahdi Fadaee(Phd) Assistant Professor Payam Noor University. Iran 2018 26 February</p>